



## Density

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

1. What is density?

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2. Which would have more matter, a 1cm cube of lead or a 1cm cube of rubber?

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3. Suppose you have a metal bar. The mass of the bar is 57.9 g and its volume is 3 cm<sup>3</sup>. What is the density of the bar?

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4. If you cut the metal bar in half, what would the density of each part be?

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5. If you put a piece of cork in a container of water, would it sink or float? Why?

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## To Sink or To Float

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Purpose: To find the density of water and oil.

Procedure:

1. Use the table to record your findings.

Measurements	Cylinder with water	Cylinder with oil
a) Mass of empty cylinder		
b) Mass of cylinder with liquid		
c) Mass of liquid (b-a)		
d) Volume of the liquid		
e) Density ( $c \div d$ )		

2. Use two identical graduated cylinders. Use a balance to find the mass of each graduated cylinder. Record your answer.
3. Fill one graduated cylinder with water and the other with oil. Fill each one to the same level. You have equal volumes of water and oil. Record this volume on your table.
4. Find the mass of the water and cylinder.
5. Subtract the mass of the graduated cylinder from the mass of the cylinder and the water.
6. Find the mass of the oil and cylinder.
7. Subtract the mass of the graduated cylinder from the mass of the cylinder and the oil.
8. Use the equation for density to find the densities of water and oil.

**Conclusions:**

1. Which substance has a greater density?

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2. Liquids with less density will float on liquids with greater density. If you poured the water and cooking oil together, which would float to the top? Why?

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3. Corn syrup has a density of  $1.3 \text{ g/cm}^3$ . If you pour corn syrup into a cylinder of cooking oil and water, what would happen?

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